Translating Texts into Interpretations and Numbers

Department of Government London School of Economics and Political Science

Preview

- Two weeks on data collection
 Text analysis
 Interviewing methods
- Problem Set 3Due November 21
- Problem Set 4
 - Discuss in class next 2 weeks
 - Due December 5

Practicalities/Reflection

1 Texts as Sources

2 Content Analysis

3 Practicalities/Reflection

Research Proposal

- This is a prospectus
 - Introduction
 - Theoretical literature review
 - Plan of data collection
 - Planned analysis
 - Reflective, critical conclusion

Research Proposal

- This is a prospectus
 - Introduction
 - Theoretical literature review
 - Plan of data collection
 - Planned analysis
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- Presentations are intended for feedback
 - You can change your topic later
 - Please also use office hours

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What counts as text?

Primary sourcesRaw, original evidence

Secondary sources
 Interpretations of raw evidence

- Tertiary sources
 - Compendia or indices of two other types of sources

Use of Texts

Text as description

- Rely on text in lieu of direct observation
- What do we gain? What do we lose?

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Text as DSOs

- Treat texts as units of analysis
- What do we gain? What do we lose?

Challenges of Text

- Source "Quality"
- 2 Subjectivity and differing perspectives
- 3 Historiography
- ⁴ Selection and confirmation bias

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But these are really the challenges of *any* research!

Texts as Sources

Content Analysis

Practicalities/Reflection

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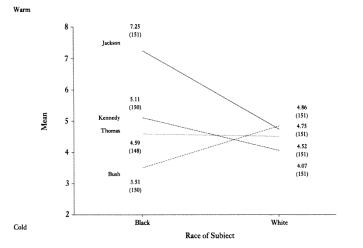
But the biggest issue is that once we have some texts, our interpretations are inherently subjective!

Consider the following quote from a U.S. politician:

African Americans must stop making excuses and rely much more on themselves to get ahead in society.

What does it mean? Is it positive or negative? Is it prejudicial?

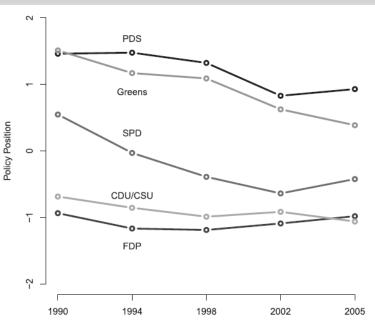
WARMTH TOWARD POLITICAL LEADER BY RACE OF SUBJECT (N IN PARENTHESES)



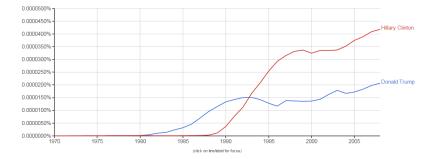
Kuklinski & Hurley. 1994. "On Hearing and Interpreting Political Messages: A Cautionary Tale of Citizen Cue-Taking." *Journal of Politics* 56(3): 729–751.

- Definition: "systematic description of the contents of a communication"
- Treat texts as DSOs or a source of multiple DSOs
 - Data set observation: score for a case on a variable
- Technique can be applied to any kind of document

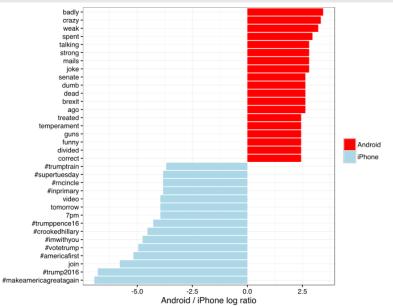




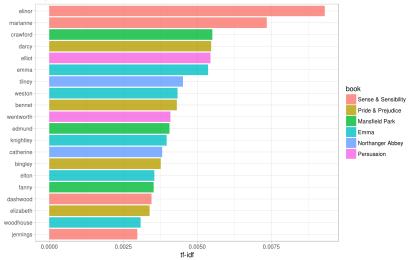
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- 6 Aggregate and summarize results

Example 1: Categorization

- Common RQ relates to categorization: What is this text saying?
- Example RQs:
 - What arguments are raised in this text?
 - Are certain ideas more prevalent in some texts than others?
 - How is an issue discussed in politics?

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- Running ex.: UKIP's 2015 Manifesto

If only all politicians could believe in Britain as UKIP does. If only they could share our positive vision of Britain as a proud, independent sovereign nation, a country respected on the world stage, a major player in global trade, with influence and authority when it comes to tackling the pressing international issues of the day.

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Developing Codebooks I

Developed *deductively*

- 1 Start with set of concepts
- 2 Describe how those concepts might be expressed in text
- 3 Create a "coding scheme" by which to score a case on a variable

Developing Codebooks II

Developed inductively

- 1 Examine texts for key ideas and expressions
- 2 Create a set of categories that summarize those expressions
- 3 Examine new texts for expressions of those categories
- 4 Expand and clarify the codebook as new concepts or expressions emerge

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- 3 More complex example:
 - Assign +1 if mentions "Europe" positively
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- 4 List all frames used in the text

Example Scoring Sheet

	Mention	Count	Affect	Frame
UKIP				
Conservative				
Labour				
LibDems				
SNP				
Greens				

Example 2: Dictionary Methods

- Rather than rely on subjective interpretation, dictionary methods create a "dictionary" of terms or expressions that operationalize a concept
- Score is based on word presence of words or their frequencies
- Often, goal is to categorize the text based on how it scores relative to other texts

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 - Sentiment (positivity/negativity)Ideology (left/right)

Affect/Sentiment

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Unit of Analysis

It can be difficult to decide what the correct unit of analysis is. Possibilities include:

- Author/Source
- Text as a whole
- Section
- Page

- Paragraph
- Sentence
- Sentence fragment
- Word

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Smaller units can always be *aggregated* later, but larger units cannot be *disaggregated* later

Example Scoring Sheet (Paragraph-level)

	Mention	Count	Affect	Frame
UKIP				
Conservative				
Labour				
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SNP				
Greens				

Example Scoring Sheet (Sentence-level)

	Sentence	Mention	Affect	Frame
UKIP	1			
UKIP	2			
UKIP	3			
UKIP	4			
UKIP	5			

Sentence

If only all politicians could believe in Britain as UKIP does.

If only they could share our positive vision of Britain as a proud, independent sovereign nation, a country respected on the world stage, a major player in global trade, with influence and authority when it comes to tackling the pressing international issues of the day.

Sentence fragments

- If only all politicians could believe in Britain as UKIP does.
- If only they could share our positive vision of Britain
- as a proud, independent sovereign nation,
- a country respected on the world stage,
- a major player in global trade,
- with influence and authority

when it comes to tackling the pressing international issues of the day.

"Bag of Words" Approaches I

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"Bag of Words" Approaches II

only all politicians could believe Britain UKIP does only they could share our positive vision Britain proud independent sovereign nation country respected world stage major player global trade influence authority comes tackling pressing international issues day

"Bag of Words" Approaches III

independent sovereign nation country international world global

- positive proud respected major influence authority
- politicians player Britain Britain UKIP
- believe share tackling pressing
- could could does comes
- vision stage day trade issues
- only only all they our

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 - family, families, familiarity, and familial all become *famil*.

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- These allow for *multi-word expressions*

 "If only" has a negative connotation even though "if" and "only" are basically neutral words on their own Content Analysis

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Content Analysis in Practice

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 - Establish coding scheme on "training set"
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 Establish coding scheme on "training set"
 Apply it to broader "test set"
 - Be cautious about scope conditions
- Develop a precise and reliable codebook

Intercoder Reliability

Definition: "extent to which two (or more) coders agree on scores"

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- Definition: "extent to which two (or more) coders agree on scores"
- Have multiple coders analyze same text using coding scheme
- Assess % of time they assign same scores
- Increase specificity of codebook if reliability is low (less than 80%)

Manual versus Automated Techniques

 Text analysis methods vary along a continuum from fully manual to fully automated

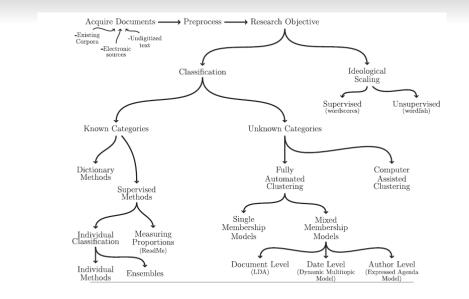
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- Automated methods can be computationally intensive
- Automated methods make assumptions, but so do manual methods

Content Analysis



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"Quant" or "Qual"?

Given what you know now, in what ways is content analysis a "qualitative" versus "quantitative" research method?

Hands-On Practice

- There is no explicit lab for this topic
- If you are interested, consider reading the Recommended text for this week, which includes hands-on exercises in R: http://tidytextmining.com/